## **Appendix 1:**

Coach Workbook –

Make Ethical Decisions



### Coach

# **WORKBOOK**

### Contexts:

- > Introduction to Competition
- > Instruction Beginners

### Module:

Make Ethical Decisions

The National Coaching Certification Program is a collaborative program of the Government of Canada, provincial/territorial governments, national/provincial/territorial sport federations, and the Coaching Association of Canada.

### **Partners in Coach Education**



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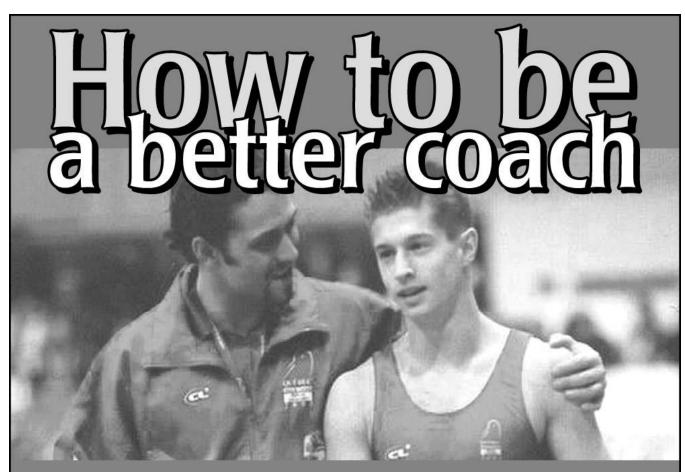
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Learn to listen, especially to the athletes – they are excellent teachers.

Help each athlete develop all of their capacities: physical, mental/emotional, and social.

Take a stand against doping and cheating in sport.

Thirst for knowledge attend coaching courses, get certified, stay up to date.

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### Module Overview - Make Ethical Decisions

In this module, you will be working toward applying a decision-making framework to a coaching situation that touches on values and ethics.

This decision-making framework includes a series of reflective questions to ask yourself when you are faced with an ethical situation; it also incorporates the Code of Ethics of the National Coaching Certification Program (NCCP). The latter outlines the expected standard of behaviour for coaches trained and certified in the NCCP.

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You will find the following symbols in this *Workbook*:

This symbol means refer to the

This symbol means write your thoughts on your action card



### 1 Analyzing Delicate Situations: A Question of Parenting

1.1- Read situations A and B below.

#### SCENARIO 1

You are a rookie instructor at a community tennis club. While you have just recently started coaching, you love tennis and watching kids learn the game. While on your lunch break, you walk past a court on which one of the parents of the better under 12 female players at the club is talking to his daughter. This player is known as an up-and-comer who has solid basic skills and enthusiasm for the game, and whom your supervisor has been coaching for several months.

As you walk by the lesson you hear the parent raising his voice. The parent seems to be angry at the child, and you hear the following: "You'll never be any good at tennis until you stop being so lazy! You are on your way to wasting the natural talent that you have been given. If you don't get your act together, I can't see myself investing in your lessons anymore because it is getting to be a waste of my money. I can't believe you even made it this far with the way that you chicken out whenever you are asked to get your butt in gear." You can also see that the player looks like she is going to start crying.

#### SCENARIO 2

You are instructing at a community tennis club, and have just finished running a friendly tournament, at which the young players you are working with had the chance to play youth from other clubs. After the tournament has been completed and you are on your way to your car in the parking lot, you see a parent of one of the players that you are coaching learning over her son with a raised hand. The child appears to be scared and cowering. You cannot hear anything from where you are, other than a lot of yelling coming from the parent.

In the past few months you have noticed that the child often arrives to practice with bruises on his body, and recently had a bruised face as well. When you talked with the child about the marks on his body, he said that he is a klutz, and falls down a lot in gym class at school, that it's no big deal.

#### SCENARIO 3

As the new tennis instructor at a community recreation club you are responsible for teaching tennis to a group of 25 children, three times a week for the summer months. You are excited to be instructing tennis as a summer job, which you need at this point in your life.

Some of the children whom you will be instructing have been coming to the program for many years, while others are new to the sport. You have been given very little guidance on how the program was run in the past, and there is almost no paperwork to which you can refer that would tell you how the previous instructor ran the program last year. It is your instructing philosophy that all players that show interest and dedication should receive fair playing time and instruction, regardless of ability. The only policy of the club regarding instruction states that playing time for each participant is to be awarded at the discretion of the instructor.

The day before the program is set to begin, the volunteer head of programming, who is your boss and who has filled this position for the past few years, comes to see you and says the following: "Nice to have a new face on staff for the summer. I'm really looking forward to seeing you play and to see how you are planning to run the program. Last year, let me tell you, was a real challenge for the board, because we were unhappy with your predecessor. I came to visit to let you know a bit about some things we'd like to see happen, so that we have a better experience with you. For starters, we expect that the better players get more court time, because they need it more than those who are just out to hit balls and play around a bit. Also, some of us do a lot to keep this program running. It would be good if you could think about that when you are spending time with our children, if you get what I mean (he/she winks at you). I can see that you do, so I'll leave those thoughts with you for now, and check in with you again after the first few days."

1.2- What fundamen		,		
1.3- Discuss with oviews. Then, check <i>Material</i> . What facts notes in 1.2 if neces	Establish the F can you establis	acts in a Situ	ation in the	Reference
1.4- Check <i>Critical</i> <i>Reference Material</i> implications.				
In my opinion, Situat	tion A has legal i	mplications (	) YES ( ) I	NO
In my opinion, Situat	tion B has legal in	mnlications (	YFS ( )!	NΟ

p. 7

- 2 Dealing With an Ethical Situation
- 2.1 Read the Scenario 3 on Page 6

### The Facts of the Situation



p. 4

- 2.2 Use Worksheet 1 at the end of this workbook. Identify the facts of this situation in the first column. If necessary, refer to the section of the Reference Material entitled Step 1 Establish the Facts of the Situation.
- 2.3 Once you have discussed this case with other coaches, are there any facts that you omitted and you would like to add to your list? If so, add them to your list in the first column of *Worksheet 1*.

### **Ethical Issues Involved**

- 2.4 Use the second column of Worksheet 1 to identify the ethical issues in this situation.
- 2.5 Once you have discussed with other coaches and are aware of the information presented by the Facilitator, complete your analysis in the second column of *Worksheet 1*. If necessary, identify other ethical issues that you had not determined before.



2.6 **ACTION CARD** – Make a note of your thoughts on the way you will establish the facts and determine whether a situation poses a legal problem or an ethical problem in the future.

### Options, Decisions and/or Actions That May Be Taken, and Possible Consequences of Each of Them



Step 3 of the decision-making process proposes certain questions to help you determine options, decisions and/or actions that may be taken in an ethical situation, and reflect upon the possible consequences of each of them.

2.7 With the help of these questions, identify the options available to the coach in the situation *To Play or Not to Play*.

In this situation, the coach could:

2.8 Once you have discussed with the other members of your group the range of options available to the coach in the situation *To Play or Not to Play*, add them to the third column of *Worksheet 1*.



2.9 For each one of these options, now identify the possible consequences of this choice, and write them in the third column of *Worksheet 1.* 

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### NCCP Code of Ethics



p. 12, 13, 14

2.10 Once you are aware of the principles of the NCCP Code of Ethics, take a few moments to note your reactions or comments. Individually, answer the following questions.

> Do you agree with all the principles of the Code? Why?

> Are there principles you do not agree with? If yes, which one(s), and why?

> Are there principles or values in which you believe strongly but which do not seem to be represented in the Code? If so, what are they?

> Other comments or reactions after reading the Code of Ethics of the NCCP.

2.11 Pros and Cons of the Options - Worksheet 1 enabled you to organize important information relating to the situation To Play or Not to Play i.e. the facts, the ethical issues, and the possible consequences of different courses of action or decisions. With this information in mind and now that you have read the NCCP Code of Ethics, analyze the strengths and weaknesses of each option using the criteria in the first column of the grid below.

Start with Option 1 and review each criterion. Indicate whether it would respect the corresponding criterion by writing YES or NO in the appropriate box. Write N/A (not applicable) if the criterion does not seem to apply in the present situation. Leave the space blank if you are not sure. Add up the number of criteria to which you have answered YES. Repeat this process for the other options.

	0.00	0.00	0.41.4.4	0.00
	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
Criteria related to the <i>Outcome</i> of	Coach makes	Coach	Coach does	Other
the decision. The option	no intervention	authorizes the	not authorize	
promotes		athlete to	the athlete to	
		compete	compete	
Positive repercussions for the				
majority of individuals				
concerned.				
Minimal negative				
repercussions to all parties				
involved.				
Negative repercussions on the				
fewest possible people.				
Protection of physical,				
intellectual, emotional integrity				
of the people concerned.				
Achievement of a desirable				
group or individual goal.				
Preserving the best interests				
of the athlete(s) as its high				
priority.				
Criteria related to the PROCESS				
by which the decision is made.				
The option promotes				
Equal treatment of everyone,				
regardless of athletic potential,				
race, gender, language, age.				
Respect for the authority of				
individuals in a responsibility				
position.				
Decision based on the use of				
credible information.				
Respect for the rules, policies,				
and established principles.				
Decision by competent people.				
Fulfilling duties or obligations				
of position towards others.				
Total – Criteria to which you have				
answered YES				
			•	•

### Making a Decision: Selecting the Best Option

We have arrived at the crucial stage in our ethical decision-making process: making a decision. This phase is intended to link together all the preceding steps and lead to a final reflection which will enable you to make the best possible decision in the circumstances, i.e. a decision that will be "just and reasonable". To help you decide between possible solutions that all seem more-or-less acceptable, we are going to consider the following aspects of the situation:

- Factors that can influence your decision-making
- Questions that can help us priorize the principles we hold but seem to be in opposition in this case

2.12 In the situation *To Play or Not to Play*, what factors could influence the coach's decision? Use the table on the following page to answer this question.

### **2.12-** Factors that could influence the coach in the situation *To Play or Not to Play.*

Possible influences	In this situation, this factor comes into play (YES or NO); if yes, describe how
Could the decision have an impact on the coach's job?	
How could the decision influence the development of the coach's career?	
Could the decision affect the coach's reputation in the club, sport, or even in the situation?	
Could the situation have an effect on the finances of the team or club?	
Could the decision undermine personal relations between some people?	
How important is it to make an immediate decision?	
Could it be detrimental to delay making a decision?	
Does the decision call into question social conventions (for example, parental authority)?	
Can the decision bring into play professional standards or social standards?	
Other	

### **Your Decision**



p. 19 - 21

2.13 Once you have identified factors which could influence decision-making in this situation (see question 2.12) and taken note of the information in the sections of the Reference Material entitled Making Decisions That Are "Just and Reasonable and Moral Dilemmas and Ethical Decision-Making, put yourself in the place of the coach in the situation To Play or Not to Play.

Bearing in mind the reflection you have made thus far, including the facts in the situation, the ethical issues involved, the options for decision or for action and their consequences, the pros and cons of each option, and possible factors of influence, what would you decide to do if you were in the place of this coach? Why, in your opinion, is this the best decision in the circumstances? Bear in mind the following aspects:

- Which criteria (or value) do you consider the most important from those listed in the table in question 2.11 (page 11)?
- Is there another value in which you strongly believe and would seek to preserve at all costs? If so, which one(s)?
- What does the NCCP Code of Ethics suggest in this type of situation?

My decision:
In my opinion it is the best decision because



2.14 Validate your decision in 2.13 one last time by answering the questions below:

- Is your decision consistent with the **Do No Harm Principle**?
- Are more concerned about the outcome of your decision or by the process in arriving at that decision? To answer this question, refer to the table in question 2.11, and to the stated value you are seeking to preserve when you make your decision.
- Would you make this decision in all similar cases?
- If you feel that you cannot apply your decision to all similar cases, what might be a reasonable and justifiable exception? If so, in which circumstances? Do such circumstances apply in the present situation? What leads you to believe that an exception might be justified in this case, but not in other situations?
- Is the decision consistent with previous decisions that have been made in similar situations in the past, and that have resulted in a positive outcome?

If necessary, reconsider certain aspects of the decision you made in question 2.13.

From an ethical point of view, you should now have very solid arguments to support the decision you have made.

2.15 Share your decision with another coach and share with this person the reasons why, in your opinion, it is the best thing to do in the circumstances.



2.16 ACTION CARD – How could the process suggested in sections 1 and 2 of this Workbook affect the way you will make decisions in the future? What do you think is most important thing to learn from this process?

### 3- Put it All Into Practice: Apply the Ethical Decision-Making Process in a Personal Situation

**Note:** This section is optional. Follow the instructions of the Facilitator. If you do not do this section, go immediately to section 4.

**3.1-** Describe an ethical situation you have had to manage or you know about and you wish to analyze in detail, because of its importance to you. If there is no single situation that comes to mind, team up with another coach and analyze his or her situation together.

Ethical situation	

**3.2-** Use the worksheets on the following pages, which take you through the steps in the ethical decision-making process we have followed in this workshop.

Analyze your situation using these instruments.

### Personal reflection: Answer when you have finished exercise 3.2

Has the fact of putting into practice the ethical decision-making process enabled you to find a more effective solution than the one reached previously in your personal situation? If yes, why? If not, why not? What could you do differently if the situation arose again?

### **Analyzing an Ethical Situation**

The Facts of this Situation	Ethica	ll Issues	Optional Actions or Decisions and Possible Consequences of Each Option
	<ul><li>Safety of certain</li></ul>	individuals	Option no. 1: Do nothing
	<ul> <li>Well-being or he individuals in the term</li> </ul>		
	rules (rules of the	olished principles, e team; the game of an organization	Option no. 2:
	<ul> <li>Obligations, loya responsibilities o concerned</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Appropriate use individuals in a p authority</li> </ul>		Option no. 3:
The situation has legal implications:	<ul> <li>Objectives and g the group or by a</li> </ul>		
YES ( ) NO ( )  If yes, what do you do?	<ul> <li>Behaviours or pr generally consider or that are expect circumstances are of behaviour)</li> </ul>	ered acceptable ted under the	Option no. 4:
	□ Fairness and eq	uity	
	<ul> <li>Confidentiality of privacy</li> </ul>	information and	
	<ul> <li>Respect of peop</li> </ul>	e	

Start with Option 1 and review each criterion. Indicate whether this option would respect the corresponding criterion by writing YES or NO in the appropriate box. Write N/A (not applicable) if the criterion does not seem to apply in the present situation. Leave the space blank if you are not sure. Add up the number of criteria to which you have answered YES. Repeat this process for the other options.

	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4
Criteria related to the Outcome	Do nothing			
of the decision. The option				
promotes				
Positive repercussions for the				
majority of individuals				
concerned.				
Minimal negative				
repercussions to all parties				
involved.				
Negative repercussions on				
the fewest possible people.				
Protection of physical,				
intellectual, emotional				
integrity of the people				
concerned.				
Achievement of a desirable				
group or individual goal.				
Preserving the best interests				
of the athlete(s) as its high				
priority.				
Criteria related to the				
PROCESS by which the				
decision is made. The option				
promotes				
Equal treatment of everyone,				
regardless of athletic				
potential, race, gender,				
language, age.				
Respect for the authority of				
individuals in a responsibility				
position.  Decision based on the use of				
credible information.				
Respect for the rules,				
policies, and established				
principles.				
Decision by competent				
people.				
Fulfilling duties or obligations of				
position towards others.				
Total – Criteria to which you				
have answered YES				
Have allowered TLO				

### Possible Factors of Influence in this Situation

Past personal experiences	Personal values	Personal circumstances		
Economics and politics	Severity of situation	Organizational, institutional, and social aspects		
The value(s) I want to pres	serve in this situation:			
My desision				
My decision:				
In my opinion it is the best	decision hecause			
in my opinion it is the best	GEORGIOTI DECAUSE			
I have validated my decision and it is "just and reasonable"				

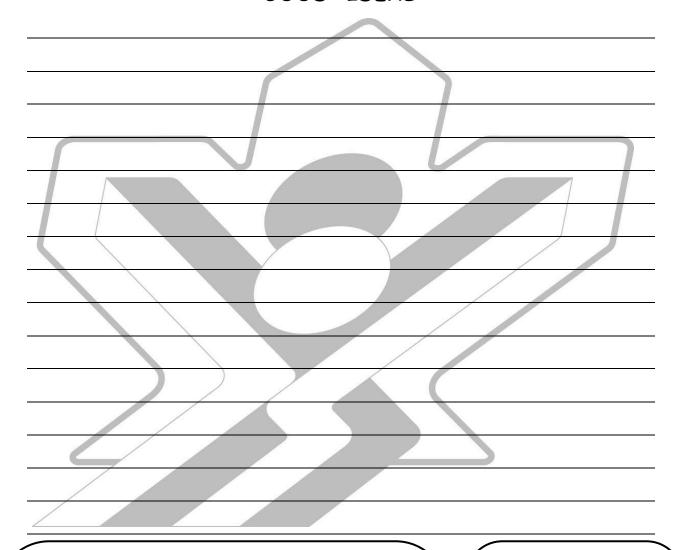
### 4. How to Put My Decision into Action?



Once you have made the best decision possible, you must think carefully about how to put it into action. This section will help you carry out an effective action plan to solve an ethical problem, while still showing respect for the people involved. Develop an action plan to put into action the decision you made in 2.13 or in section 3 by answering the following questions.

Think about what may happen. consequences will be managed.	Consider the	likely outcon	nes of the ded	cision and	how the
Identify who needs to know. Con implementation of the action plan.	sider carefully	who needs to	be informed o	f, or involve	ed in, the
Determine if you can deal on you informal resolution in this situation be				oropriate to	seek an
Think about what you might do informal resolution does not work, on now have to follow up with "plan B". you should now involve in this situation."	carefully consider who	der what to do	next. Inform the	e individua	I that you

### GOOD IDEAS



Coaches met during this workshop

To obtain more information about training and education workshops for coaches and advice on coaching, visit the Web site of the Coaching Association of Canada at the following address: www.coach.ca



Worksheet 1 – Analyzing an Ethical Situation: To Play or Not to Play

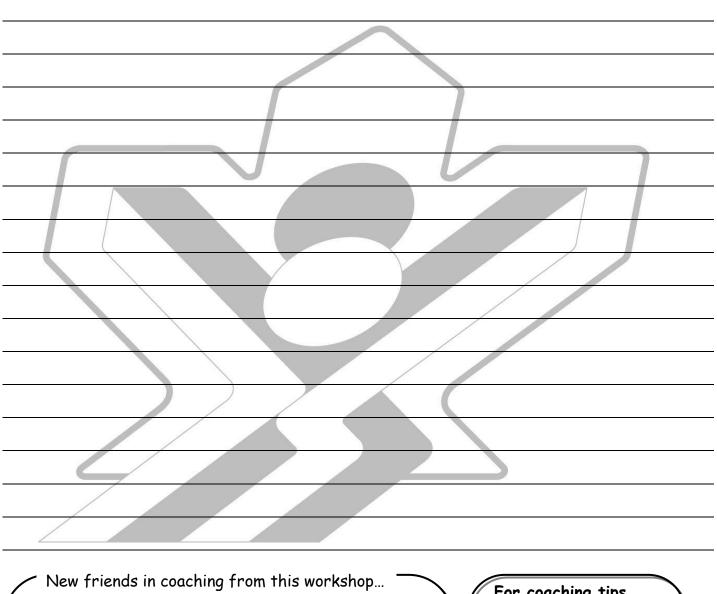
Column 1- steps 2.2 and 2.3	<b>Column 2 - steps 2.4 and 2.5</b>	<b>Column 3 – steps 2.8 and 2.9</b>
The facts of this situation	<b>Ethical issues</b>	2.8 – Options for decisions or actions
		2.9 – Possible consequences of each option
	□ Safety of certain individuals	Option no. 1:
	<ul> <li>Well-being or health of certain individuals in the short or long term</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Respect for established principles, rules (rules of the team; the game etc.) or policies of an organization</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Obligations, loyalties, or responsibilities of the person(s) concerned</li> </ul>	Option no. 2:
	<ul> <li>Appropriate use of power by the individuals in a position of authority</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Objectives and goals sought by the group or by an individual</li> </ul>	Option no. 3:
	<ul> <li>Behaviours or practices that are generally considered acceptable or that are expected under the circumstances at hand (standard of behaviour)</li> </ul>	
	□ Fairness and equity	Option no. 4:
	<ul> <li>Confidentiality of information and privacy</li> </ul>	
	□ Respect of people	



Make Ethical	Decisions	Module	Action	Card	
Date:		cation:			

	ACTIONS:
I intend to STOP	
I intend to CONTINUE	
I intend to START	

### GREAT IDEAS:



New friends in coaching from this workshop...

